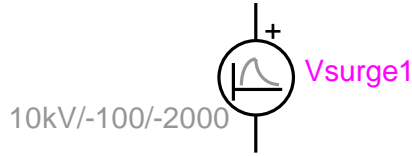


Surge voltage source



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1 Available versions

The “V surge” device accepts both 1-phase (general) and 3-phase signals. The 3-phase version is the equivalent of 3 decoupled sources (one for each phase).

1.1 When changing phases

- ❑ When the device is in its 1-phase state and its signal is changed to 3-phase, but the device is not double-clicked, balanced conditions are assumed and the 3 sources have the 1-phase parameters. The Netlist is generated for the 3-phase version.
- ❑ When the device is in its 3-phase state and its signal is changed to 1-phase, but the device is not double-clicked, phase-A quantities are automatically retained for the 1-phase version. The Netlist is generated for the 1-phase version.

1.2 The generic version of “V surge”

1.2.1 Parameters

The voltage source equation is given by:

$$v(t) = V_m [e^{\alpha t} - e^{\beta t}] \quad (1)$$

The following model parameters are required:

- ❑ V_m maximum voltage of the source
- ❑ α Alpha coefficient
- ❑ β Beta coefficient
- ❑ t_{start} start time, if $t < t_{start}$ the source is shorted.
- ❑ t_{stop} stop time, if $t > t_{stop}$ the source is shorted. The stop time must be greater than the start time.

The sample simulation waveform shown in Figure 1 is using the data:

$V_m = 10\text{kV}$
 $\alpha = -100$
 $\beta = -2000$
 $t_{\text{start}} = 1\text{ms}$
 $t_{\text{stop}} = 50\text{ms}$

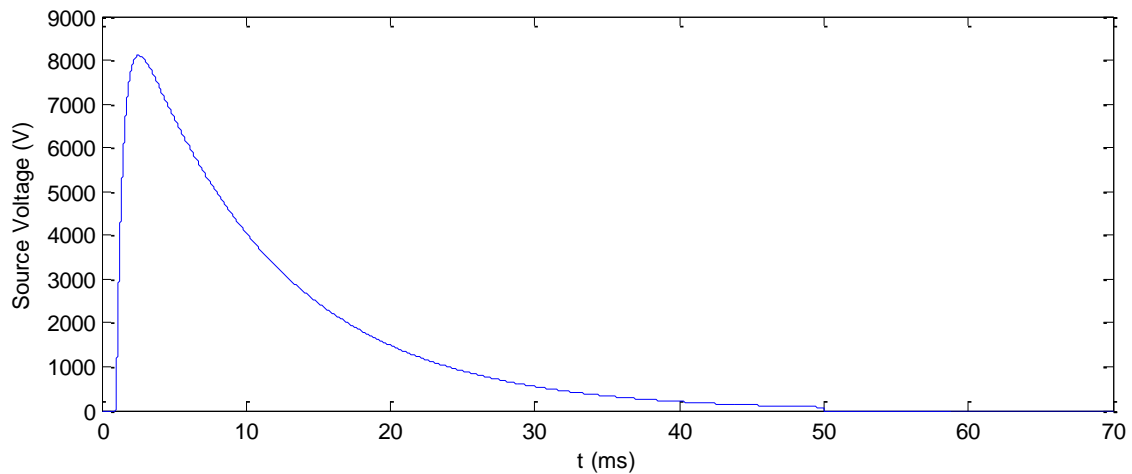


Figure 1 Sample waveform

1.2.2 Netlist format

```

_Vsurge;Vsurge1;2;2;s1,s2,
10kV,-100,-2000,1ms,50ms,?v,?i,?p,

```

Field	Description
<code>_Vsurge</code>	Part name
<code>Vsurge1</code>	Instance name, any name.
<code>2</code>	Total number of pins
<code>2</code>	Number of pins given in this data section
<code>s1</code>	Signal name connected to k-pin (positive), any name
<code>s2</code>	Signal name connected to m-pin, any name
V_m	Maximum voltage
α	Coefficient of the first exponential
β	Coefficient of the second exponential
t_{start}	Start time
t_{stop}	Stop time
<code>?v</code>	Request for voltage scope, sent to scope group vb (branch voltages), optional
<code>?i</code>	Request for current scope, sent to scope group ivs (voltage source currents), optional
<code>?p</code>	Request for power scope, sent to scope group p (branch power), optional

For the 3-phase version, an example of the Netlist gives:

```

_Vsurge;Vsurge1a;2;2;s1a,s2a,
10kV,-100,-2000,1ms,10ms,?v,?i,?p,
_Vsurge;Vsurge1b;2;2;s1b,s2b,
10kV,-100,-2000,1ms,10ms,?v,?i,?p,

```

```
_Vsurge;Vsurge1c;2;2;s1c,s2c,  
10kV,-100,-2000,1ms,10ms,?v,?i,?p,
```

EMTPWorks automatically generates 3 separate (decoupled) sources, one per phase. The phase identification character (a, b or c) is automatically appended to the device instance name and signals.

2 Steady-state model

The steady-state model of this device is a short-circuit.

3 Frequency Scan model

The frequency scan model of this device is a short-circuit.

4 Time-domain model

The device is evaluated at each simulation time-point according to its function given by equation (1).

The source is active (not a short-circuit) for $t_{\text{start}} \leq t \leq t_{\text{stop}}$.